



The Southeastern United States is home to numerous venomous and nonvenomous snakes. Without reliable identification, you must assume the snake was venomous and begin an immediate rapid evacuation to the nearest hospital with (CroFab) antivenom. Call the hospital to ensure they have antivenom before transporting Anya there. Circle the bite site with a permanent marker and note the time; take a digital picture if practicable. Assess Anya every 20-30 minutes for any cytotoxic, hemotoxic, or neurotoxic signs and symptoms, and document your findings in a SOAP note. Continue to mark the leading edge of any cytotoxic or hemotoxic signs on her foot and leg (excessive bleeding, discoloration, blisters, pain, tenderness, swelling, etc.); take photos.